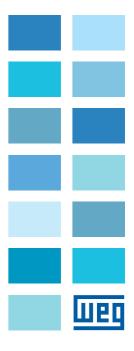
# **Soft-Starter**

SSW-07 / SSW-08

**Programming Manual** 



# **Programming Manual**

Series: SSW-07 / SSW-08

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# SUMMARY

QUICK PARAMETER REFERENCE FAULT AND STATUS MESSAGES	4 9
1. GENERAL INFORMATION	10
2. ABOUT THIS MANUAL	10
3. ABOUT THE SSW-07/SSW-08	10
4. ABOUT THE SSW-07/SSW-08 PARAMETER PROGRAMMING	10
5. KEYPAD(HMI) USE 5.1. LEDs Display Functions	11 11 11 12
6. DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PARAMATERS 6.1. ACCESS AND READ ONLY PARAMETERS – P000 to P099 6.2. REGULATION PARAMETERS - P100 to P199 6.3. CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS - P200 to P299 6.4. COMMUNICATION PARAMETERS – P300 to P399 6.5. MOTOR PARAMETERS – P400 to P499 6.6. PARAMETERS OF THE SPECIAL FUNCTIONS – P500 to P599 6.7. PROTECTION PARAMETERS – P600 to P699	
7. ERRORS AND POSSIBLE CAUSES	37

# QUICK PARAMETER REFERENCE FAULT AND STATUS MESSAGES

Software	: V1.5x	(	
Applicati	on:		
Model:			
Serial Nu	ımber:		
Respons	ible:		
Date:	1	1	

# I. PARAMETERS TABLE

Parameter	Function	Adjustable Range	Factory Settings	Unit	User's Settings	Page
P000	Access to parameters	0 to 9999	0 (5)	-		15
	READ ONLY PARAMETERS	P001 to P099				
P001	Motor current %In of SSW-07/SSW-08	0.0 to 999.9	-	%		15
P002	Motor current %In of Motor	0.0 to 999.9	-	%		15
P003	Motor current	0.0 to 6553	-	Α		15
P005	Power supply frequency	0.0 to 99.9	-	Hz		15
P006	Soft-Starter Status	0 = rdy - ready 2 = Exx - Error 3 = ruP - Ramp Up 5 = PASS - By-pass 7 = rdo - Ramp Down 8 = br - Braking 9 = rEv - FWD/REV 10 = JoG - Jog 11 = dly - Delay P630 12 = G.di - General Disable	-	-		15
P007	Voltage imposed by the Soft-Starter over the load (%Un)	0 to 100	-	%		15
P011	Apparent output power	0.0 to 999.9	-	kVA		15
P012	DI1 to DI3 status	0 = Inactive 1 = Active	-	-		15
P013	Relay RL1 and RL2 output status	0 = Inactive 1 = Active	-	-		16
P014	Last fault occurred	E00 to E77	-	-		16
P015	Second fault occurred	E00 to E77	-	-		16
P016 P017	Third fault occurred	E00 to E77				16
P017 P020	Fourth fault occurred Actual Fault	E00 to E77 099	-	-	_	16 16
P023	Software version	VXX		<del></del>		16
P030	Phase R current	0.0 to 6553	-	A		17
P031	Phase S current	0.0 to 6553		A		17
P032	Phase T current	0.0 to 6553	-	A		17
P050	Motor thermal protection status	0 to 250	-	%		17
P081	Heatsink temperature	10.0 to 110.0	-	°C		17
P090	CAN Controller Status	0 = Inactive 1 = Autobaud 2 = Active CAN Interface 3 = Warning 4 = Error passive 5 = Bus off 6 = No Bus Power	-	-		17
P091	DeviceNet Network Status	0 = Offline 1 = Online, Not Connected 2 = Online, Connected 3 = Expire Connection 4 = Connection Failure 5 = Auto-Baud	-	-		17
P092	DeviceNet Master Status	0 = Run 1 = Idle	-	-		17
P093	Received CAN Telegram Counter	0 to 9999	-	-		17
P094	Transmitted CAN Telegram Counter	0 to 9999	-	-		17
P095	Buss Off Error Counter	0 to 9999	-	-		17
P096	Lost Can Message Counter	0 to 9999	-	-		17
	REGULATION PARAMETERS P100 Ramps	to P199				
P101(3)	Initial voltage (%Un)	30 to 90	50	%		17

Parameter	Function	Adjustable Range	Factory Settings	Unit	User's Settings	Page
P102 <sub>(3)</sub>	Acceleration ramp time	1 to 999	20	s	J	18
P103	Deceleration Voltage Step (% Un)	100 = Inactive 9960	100	%		18
P104 <sup>(3)</sup>	Deceleration ramp time	0=Inactive 1 to 240	0=Inactive	s		19
P105	End Deceleration Voltage (% Un)	3055	30	%		19
	Current Limitation	L an		0.1	_	
P110 <sup>(3)</sup>	Current limitation (%In of the Soft-Starter)	30 to 500	300	%		19
P111	Initial Current for Current Ramp (%In of the Soft-Starter)	30500	150	%		19
P112	Time for the Current Ramp (% of P102)	199	20	%		20
	CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS	P200 to P299				
P200	Generic Parameters The password is	0 = Inactive 1 = Active	1 = Active	-		20
P202	Type of Control	0=Voltage Ramp 1=Current Limit 2=Pump Control 3=No Function 4=Current Ramp 5=Direct Online (DOL)	0	-		21
P203	Fan Control	0 = Fan is always OFF 1 = Fan is always ON 2 = Fan controlled by software	2 = Fan controlled by software	-		22
P204 <sup>(1)</sup>	Load parameters with factory default values	0 = No function 1 = No function 2 = No function 3 = No function 4 = No function 5 = Loads factory default values	0 = No function	-		22
P205	Reading parameter selection	0 to 999	1 = P001	-		22
P206	Auto-reset time	3 to 1200	900	S		22
P207 <sup>(3)</sup>	Auto-reset	0 = Inactive 1 = Active	0 = Inactive			22
P215 <sup>(1)</sup>	Copy function	0 = Inactive 1 = SSW → Keypad 2 = Keypad → SSW	0 = Inactive	-		23
P219	Parameterization via Keypad / (Trimpots and DIP Switch)	0=Trimpots and DIP Switch 1=Keypad 2=P202=2 / Trimpots and DIP	0	-		24
	Local/Remote Definition					
P220 <sup>(1)</sup>	Local/remote supply selection	0 = Always local 1 = Always remote 2 = Keypad (local default) 3 = Keypad (remote default) 4 = D11 to D13 5 = Serial (local default) 6 = Serial (remote default) 7 = Fieldbus (Default Local) 8 = Fieldbus (Default Remote)	3 = Keypad (default remote)	-		24
P229 <sup>(1)</sup>	Command selection – local situation	0 = Keypad 1 = Digital Input DIx 2 = Serial 3 = Fieldbus	0 = Keypad	-		24
P230 <sup>(1)</sup>	Command selection – remote situation	0 = Keypad 1 = Digital Input DIx 2 = Serial 3 = Fieldbus	1 = Digital Input DIx	•		24

Parameter	Function	Adjustable Range	Factory Settings	Unit	User's Settings	Pa
	Digital Inputs					
P263	Digital Input DI1 Function	0=No Function 1=Start/Stop (two wires) or Start (three wires) 2=Local/Remote 3=No External Fault 4=FWD/REV 5=Brake Off 6=Reset 7=No Function 8=Jog	1	-		2
P264	Digital Input DI2 Function	0=No Function 1=Stop (Three-wires) 2=Local/Remote 3=No External Fault 4=FWD/REV 5=Brake Off 6=Reset 7=Emergency Start 8=Jog	6	-		2
P265 <sup>(1)</sup>	Input DI3 function	0 = No function 1 = General enable 2 = Local/Remote 3 = No external fault 4 = FWD/REV 5 = Brake off 6 = Reset 7 = Emergency Start 8 = Jog	6 = Reset	-		2
	Relay Outputs	<del>'</del>				
P277	RL1 Relay Function	0=No Function 1=Running 2=Full Voltage 3=No Function 4=FWD/REV - K1 5=DC-Brake 6=No Fault 7=Fault 8=No Function 9=Serial 13=Shunt Trip	1	-		2
P278	RL2 Relay Function	0=No Function 1=Running 2=Full Voltage 3=No Function 4=FWD/REV - K2 5=DC-Brake 6=No Fault 7=Fault 8=No Function 9=Serial 13=Shunt Trip	2	-		2
	Soft-Starter Data					
P295 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Nominal current	0 = 1.7A 1 = 17A 2 = 24A 3 = 30A 4 = 45A 5 = 61A 6 = 85A 7 = 130A 8 = 171A 9 = 200A 10 = 255A 11 = 312A 12 = 365A 13 = 412A	According to the Soft- Starter SSW-07/ SSW-08 nominal current	А		2
	COMMUNICATION PARAMETE	<del></del>				
	Serial Communication					

Parameter	Function	Adjustable Range	Factory Settings	Unit	User's Settings	Page
P312 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Type of protocol and serial	1 = Modbus 9600bps no	1 =	-		27
	communication transmission	parity	Modbus			
	rate	2 = Modbus 9600bps odd	9600bps no parity			
		parity	no panty			
		3 = Modbus 9600bps even parity				
		4 = Modbus 19200bps no				
		parity				
		5 = Modbus 19200bps				
		odd parity				
		6 = Modbus 19200bps even parity				
		7 = Modbus 38400bps no				
		parity				
		8 = Modbus 38400bps odd				
		parity				
		9 = Modbus 38400bps even parity				
		+ ' '	. 5:			
P313	Serial communication error action (E28)	0 = Inactive	1 = Disable	-		28
	action (L20)	1 = Disable 2 = General disable				
		3 = Change to local				
P314 <sup>(3)</sup>	Serial communication	0 = Inactive	0 = Inactive	s		28
F314	verification time	1 to 999	0 - mactive	5		20
	Fieldbus Communication	1 10 333				
P331	CAN Address	0 to 63	63	-		28
P332	CAN Baud Rate	0 = 125 Kbps	_			28
		1 = 250 Kbps 2 = 500 Kbps	3 = Autobaud	-		
		3 = Autobaud	Autobauu			
P333	Bus Off Reset	0 = Manual	0 = Manual	_		28
P335	DeviceNet I/O Instances	1 = Automatic 0 = ODVA	0 = ODVA			28
F335	Devicement I/O mistances	1 = WEG Specific 1W	U = ODVA			20
		2 = WEG Specific 2W				
		3 = WEG Specific 3W		-		
		4 = WEG Specific 4W 5 = WEG Specific 5W				
		6 = WEG Specific 6W				
		7 = WEG Specific 7W				
P336 P337	DeviceNet Reading Word #2 DeviceNet Reading Word #3	0 to 999 0 to 999	0	-		28 28
P338	DeviceNet Reading Word #4	0 to 999	0			28
P339	DeviceNet Reading Word #5	0 to 999	0	-		28
P340	DeviceNet Reading Word #6	0 to 999	0	-		28
P341	DeviceNet Reading Word #7	0 to 999	0	-		28
P342 P343	DeviceNet Writing Word #2 DeviceNet Writing Word #3	0 to 999 0 to 999	0	-		28 28
P344	DeviceNet Writing Word #4	0 to 999	0	-		28
P345	DeviceNet Writing Word #5	0 to 999	0			28
P346	DeviceNet Writing Word #6	0 to 999	0	-		28
P347	DeviceNet Writing Word #7	0 to 999	0	-		28
P348	Fieldbus communication error action	0 = Inactive 1 = Disable	1 = Disable			28
		2 = General Disable		-		
	MOTOR DARAMETERS, 2400 to	3 = Change to local				
	MOTOR PARAMETERS P400 to Nominal Parameters	F433				
P400 <sup>(1)</sup>	Motor nominal voltage	1 to 999	380	V	Π Ι	29
D 40 4(1)(3)		30.0 to 100.0	100.0	%		29
P401 <sup>(1)(3)</sup>	Motor current setting					29
P406 <sup>(1)</sup>	Service factor	1.00 to 1.50	1.00			
P406 <sup>(1)</sup>	Service factor SPECIAL FUNCTIONS PARAMET		1.00	-		29
P406 <sup>(1)</sup>	Service factor SPECIAL FUNCTIONS PARAMET Braking	ERS P500 to P599	0	s		29
P406 <sup>(1)</sup>	Service factor SPECIAL FUNCTIONS PARAMET Braking DC Braking Time	0299 0=Inactive	0			29
P501 P502	Service factor SPECIAL FUNCTIONS PARAMET Braking DC Braking Time DC Braking Voltage Level	0299 0=Inactive 3070	0 30	s %		29
P406 <sup>(1)</sup>	Service factor SPECIAL FUNCTIONS PARAMET Braking DC Braking Time	0299 0=Inactive	0			29

Parameter	Function	Adjustable Range	Factory Settings	Unit	User's Settings	Page
	Kick Start				•	
P520 <sup>(1)(3)</sup>	Voltage pulse at start (Kick Start)	0 = Inactive 1 = Active	0 = Inactive	-		30
P521 <sup>(3)</sup>	Pulse time at start	0.2 to 2.0	0.2	s		30
P522	Voltage pulse level at start (%Un)	70 to 90	80	%		30
	PROTECTION PARAMETERS P60	0 to P699				
	Current Protections					
P610 <sup>(1)</sup>	Phase Loss or Immediate Undercurrent (% In of the Motor)	1 to 80	80	%		31
P611 <sup>(1) (3)</sup>	Immediate undercurrent time or phase loss	0 = Inactive 1 to 99	1	s		31
P612 <sup>(1)</sup>	Immediate overcurrent (%In of motor)	1 to 200	100	%		31
P613 <sup>(1) (3)</sup>	Immediate overcurrent time	0 = Inactive 1 to 99	1	s		31
P614 <sup>(1)</sup>	Current imbalance between phases (% In of motor)	0 to 30	15	%		32
P615 (1)	Current imbalance time between phases	0 = Inactive 1 to 99	0 = Inactive	s		32
P616 (1)	Undercurrent before By-Pass closing	0 = Inactive 1 = Active	0 = Inactive			32
P617 (1)(3)	Blocked Rotor	0 = Inactive 1 = Active	1 = Active			32
	Phase Sequence					
P620(1) (3)	RST phase sequence	0 = Inactive 1 = Active	1 = Active	-		32
P621	E77 Enabling	0 = Inactive 1 = Active	1 = Active	-		32
	SSW Short Circuit Detection					
P622 <sup>(1)</sup>	SSW short circuit	0 = Inactive 1 = Active	0 = Inactive			32
	Interval Between Starts					
P630	Time interval after stopping	2 to 999	2	s		33
	Motor Thermal Protection					
P640 <sup>(1) (3)</sup>	Motor protection thermal class	0 = Inactive 1 = 5 2 = 10 3 = 15 4 = 20 5 = 25 6 = 30	6 = 30	-		34
P641 <sup>(1)</sup>	Thermal memory auto-reset	0 = Inactive 1 to 600	0 = Inactive	s		36

<sup>(1)</sup> Changeable parameters only when the motor is disabled.

<sup>(2)</sup> Unchanged parameters at factory default settings (P204=5).
(3) Changeable parameters only in keypad mode (P219=1). If P219=0 the parameters are read only.

# II. FAULT MESSAGES

Indication	Meaning	Page
E03	Phase loss or undercurrent	37
E04	Overtemperature on power	37
E05	Overload on motor	37
E06	External fault (DI)	38
E10	Function copy fault	38
E19	SSW short circuit	38
E24	Programming fault	38
E28	Timeout fault at telegram reception	38
E31	Keypad connection failure	38
E62	Current limitation start timeout	38
E63	Stall	38
E66	Overcurrent	39
E67	Inverted phase sequence	39
E70	Undervoltage at electronic supply	39
E71	By-pass contact open	39
E72	Overcurrent before By-pass	39
E74	Current imbalance	39
E75	Power supply frequency out of allowed range	40
E76	Undercurrent before closing By-pass	40
E77	Closed by-pass contact or shorted SCR's	40

# III. OTHER MESSAGES

Indication	Meaning
rdy	Soft-Starter ready to be on "ready"
ruP	Soft-Starter on, at acceleration ramp "ramp up"
PASS	Soft-Starter on, at By-Pass "by-pass"
rdo	Soft-Starter on, at deceleration ramp "ramp down"
Exx	Soft-Starter with error
dly	Soft-Starter waiting for time after stop "delay"
G.di	Soft-Starter with general disable "general disable"

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

This manual contains the necessary information for the correct use of the Soft-Starter SSW-07/ SSW-08.

It was written to be used by trained or technically qualified people to operate this type of equipment.

#### 2. ABOUT THIS MANUAL

This manual gives the necessary description for the configuration of all the functions and parameters of the Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08. This manual must be used together with the SSW-07/SSW-08 User's Guide.

#### 3. ABOUT THE SSW-07/SSW-08

The Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 is a high performance product that allows start control of three phase induction motors. This way mechanic shocks in the load and current surges in the power supply can be avoided.

#### 4. ABOUT THE SSW-07/SSW-08 PARAMETER PROGRAMMING

The basic functions of the Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 can be programmed at the front cover at the SSW-07/SSW-08 (Trimpots and DIP Switch). To program additional functions and/or visualize reading parameters, some accessories must be used, as for example: the Software SuperDrive G2, Serial Communication RS-232 or RS-485, Local or Remote Keypad. For more details see the chapter 7 of the User's Guide and the optionals guides of SSW-07/SSW-08.

## NOTE!

For communication with the SSW-07/SSW-08 use the 2nd generation programming software **SuperDrive**G2. The first generation software named SuperDrive is not compatible with this product.

Parameter P219, Parameterization via Keypad/ (Trimpots and DIP Switch), defines the programming origin for the protection and acceleration/deceleration ramps. A Soft-Starter SSW-07/ SSW-08 can be programmed via Trimpots and DIP Switches or completely via parameters. See the detailed description of parameters (P219).

Parameters P220, P229, and P230 (Local/Remote Definitions) program the origin of the enable/ disable command. Factory default settings enable via digital input. To enable/disable by means of keypad or serial command the settings of P220, P229 and P230 must be changed. See the detailed description of parameters P220, P229 and P230.

The SSW-07/SSW-08 User's Guide has a chapter dedicated to Programming Suggestions. It's important to read this chapter before starting to program the Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08.

# 5. KEYPAD(HMI) USE

The keypad is a simple interface that allows the operation and the programming of the Soft-Starter. It presents the following functions:

- Indication of the Soft-Starter operational status;
- Indication of the errors:
- Visualization and modification of the adjustable parameters:
- Operation of the soft-Starter ( and keys).

The keypad can be used in the following cases:

- If an keypad for commanding, programming and/or visualizing SSW-07/SSW-08 parameters were necessary;
- For installation of the keypad at the cabinet door, commanding panel or at the SSW-07/SSW-08 front cover;
- When the copy function were necessary.

The SSW-07/SSW-08 local or remote keypad presents a 7-segment 4-digit LED display, 4 status LEDs and 8 keys. The figures below show a front view of the remote keypad and of the local keypad.





Figure 5.1 a) - Remote Keypad Front View

Figure 5.1 b) - Local Keypad Front View

# 5.1. LEDs Display Functions

It shows the parameter number or its content and also fault and status messages.

#### 5.2. Function of the "Local" and "Remote" LEDs

Soft-Starter in Local mode: Green LED on and red LED off.

Soft-Starter in Remote mode: Green LED off and red LED on.

# 5.3. Function of the Direction of Rotation LEDs (Clockwise and Counterclockwise)

Refer to figure below.

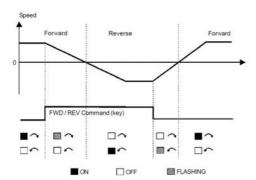


Figure 5.2 - Direction of Rotation (FWD / REV) LEDs

# 5.4. Basic Functions of the Kevs

- Enables the motor (start):

o - Disables the motor (stop). Resets the Soft-Starter after the occurrence of errors;

Fig. - Selects (toggles) the display between the parameter number and its value (position/content);

Increments the parameter number or the parameter value;

- Decrements the parameter number or the parameter value:

- Selects the origin of the commands between Local or Remote:

- Reverses the direction of motor rotation between Forward/Reverse;
- Performs the JOG function when pressed. Any DIx programmed for General Enable must be closed (and the Soft-Starter must be stopped) to enable JOG function.

#### 5.5. Signaling/Indications on the Keypad Display

#### Soft-Starter states:



Soft-Starter ready to enable the motor



Soft-Starter in an error condition. The error code shows up flashing. In the example we have the E03 indication (phase Loss).



Soft-Starter executing the function "Load parameters with the factory default (P204)".

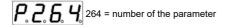


The display also flashes in the following situations, besides the error condition:

- ✓ An attempt to change a parameter with an incorrect password (P000 Access parameter);
- An attempt to change a not allowed parameter. For instance one that cannot be changed with the motor rotating.

# 5.6. Parameter Viewing/Changing

All the settings of the Soft-Starter can be done through the parameters. The parameters are indicated on the display by means of the letter P followed by a number: Example (P264):



There is a numeric value (content of the parameter) associated to each parameter, which corresponds to the option chosen among the available ones for that parameter.

The values of the parameters define the Soft-Starter programming or the value of a variable (E.g.: current, voltage). In order to carry out the soft-Starter programming one must change the content(s) of the parameter(s).

### Example:

ACTION	KEYPAD DISPLAY	DESCRIPTION
To power up a Soft-Starter	.r.d.4	Soft-Starter is ready to operate
Press (ROG)	P.O.O. 2.	
Use the 📤 and 👽 keys	P. 2. 6. 4.	Locate the desired parameter
Press @@	<b></b>	Numeric value associated to the parameter <sup>(2)</sup>
Use the  and  keys	<b>.</b>	Adjust the new desired value <sup>(2)</sup>
Press (ROG	P. 2. 6. 4.	(1) (2) (3)

# NOTES!

- (1) By pressing the key after an adjustment, the last adjusted value is automatically stored in the Soft-Starter nonvolatile memory, being kept until a new modification.
- (2) In order to be able to change the value of a parameter, it is necessary to set first P000 = 5. Otherwise it will only be possible to see the parameters, but not changing them. For more details refer to the P000 description.
- (3) If the last value programmed in the parameter is not functionally compatible with other parameter values already programmed, an E24 –Programming Error -will be displayed.

  Example of programming error:

Programming two digital inputs (DIx) with the same function. Refer to Table 5.1 for the list of programming errors that will generate an E24 Programming Error.

# **E24 - Programming Error**

Table 5.1 - Incompatibility between Parameters - E24

Two or more parameters between P263 and P265 equal to 2 (LOC/REM);	
Two or more parameters between P263 and P265 equal to 4 (Rotation direction);	
Two or more parameters between P264 and P265 equal to 7 (Emergency Start);	
Two or more parameters between P263 and P265 equal to 8 (Jog);	
If programmed Emergency Start with Rotation direction changing, DC Braking or Jog;	
(P202 = 3) if the Control Type is programmed to 3 (no function).	

# 6. DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PARAMATERS

The parameters have been grouped by types to make description easier.

Reading Parameters	Variables that can be seen but not changed by the user.
Regulation Parameters	Adjustable values to be used the Soft-Starter functions.
Configuration Parameters	Define the Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 characteristics, the functions to be carried out, as well as the input/output functions of the control card.
Motor Parameters	The catalog data or motor plate.
Special Functions Parameters	Include the parameters related to the special functions.
Protection Parameters	Parameters related to the action and time levels of the motor protections.

# Symbols and definitions used in this chapter:

- (1) Changeable parameters only when the motor is disabled.
- (2) Unchanged parameters at factory default settings (P204=5).
- (3) Changeable parameters only in keypad mode (P219=1). If P219=0 the parameters are read only.

# 6.1. ACCESS AND READ ONLY PARAMETERS - P000 to P099

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes
P000 Access to parameters	0 to 9999 [ 0 ] -	<ul> <li>☑ Permits the access to alter the contents of the parameters.</li> <li>☑ Set with factory default values [P200=1 (Active Password)] it is necessary to out P000=5 to change the contents of the parameters.</li> </ul>
P001 Motor current %In of SSW-07/ SSW-08	0.0 to 999.9 [ - ] 0.1%	<ul> <li>✓ Indicates the Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 output current at the nominal current percentage of the Soft-Starter (%In of SSW-07/SSW-08).</li> <li>✓ Accuracy of ±2% for full scale. (Full scale is 5 x In of SSW-07/SSW-08.</li> </ul>
P002 Motor current %In of Motor	0.0 to 999.9 [ - ] 0.1%	☑ Indicates the Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 output current at the nominal current percentage of the Motor (%In of Motor). ☑ Accuracy of ±2% for full scale. (Full scale is 5 x In of SSW-07/SSW-08).
P003 Motor current	0.0 to 6553 [ - ] 0.1A	<ul> <li>✓ Indicates the Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 output current in Amperes (A).</li> <li>✓ Accuracy of ±2% for full scale. (Full scale is 5 x In of SSW-07/SSW-08).</li> </ul>
P005 Power supply frequency	0.0 to 99.9 [ - ] 0.1Hz	<ul> <li>✓ Indicates the power supply frequency in Hertz (Hz).</li> <li>✓ Accuracy of ±5% of the power supply nominal frequency.</li> </ul>
P006 Soft-Starter Status	0 to 12 [-] -	<ul> <li>☑ Indicates the current status of the Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08.</li> <li>0= rdy - Ready to be on "ready".</li> <li>2= Exx - With error.</li> <li>3= ruP - Turned on at acceleration ramp "ramp up.</li> <li>5= PASS - On with enabled "by-pass".</li> <li>7= rdo - On at deceleration ramp "ramp down.</li> <li>8= br - Performing braking "braking".</li> <li>9= rEv - Performing reversion of the speed direction "reverting".</li> <li>10 = rdo - On at deceleration ramp "ramp down.</li> <li>11 = JoG - During Jog "Jog".</li> <li>12 = G.di - With "general disable".</li> </ul>
P007 Voltage imposed by the Soft-Starter over the load (%Un)	0 to 100 [ - ] 1%	☑ Indicates the voltage imposed by Soft-Starter over the load, not taking stator emf generated by the motor into consideration.
P011 Apparent output power	0.0 to 999.9 [ - ] 0.1kVA	☑ Indicates the apparent power of the average of the three Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 output phases in kiloVolt Amperes (kVA).
P012 DI1 to DI3 Status	0 to 224 DisplayLED= 0 or 1 [-]	<ul> <li>☑ Indicates the status of the three control card digital inputs (DI1 to DI3).</li> <li>☑ On the keypad display the digital inputs status is shown by numbers 0 = Inactive and 1 = Active in the following order, DI1, DI2 and DI3. The indication is binary and DI1 represents the most significant bit. The 5 less significant bits are not shown on the keypad display.</li> <li>Example:         <ul> <li>DI1 = Active</li> <li>DI2 = Inactive</li> <li>DI3 = Active</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes		
		Which is the equivalent to the sequence of bits: 10100000b. In decimal it corresponds to 160. The binary indication on the keypad is:		
		1016		
P013 Relay RL1 and RL2 output status	0 to 192 DisplayLED= 0 or 1 [ - ]	<ul> <li>✓ Indicates the status of the 2 control card relay outputs RL1 and RL2).</li> <li>✓ On the keypad display the relay output status is shown by numbers (0 = Inactive) and (1= Active), in the following order, RL1 and RL2. The indication is binary and RL1 represents the most significant bit. The 5 less significant bits are not shown on the keypad display.</li> </ul> Example:		
		RL1 = Active RL2 = Active		
		Which is the equivalent to the sequence of bits: 11000000b. In decimal it corresponds to 160. The binary indication on the keypad is:		
		[1106]		
P014 Last fault occurred	E00 to E77 [ - ] -	<ul> <li>✓ Indicates the numbers of the last, second, third and fourth previous faults occurred, respectively.</li> <li>✓ Registration systematic:</li> <li>Exy → P014 → P015 P016 → P017</li> </ul>		
P015 Second fault occurred	E00 to E77 [ - ] -	Lxy 2101421010101010		
P016 Third fault occurred	E00 to E77 [ - ] -			
P017 Fourth fault occurred	E00 to E77 [ - ] -			
P020 Actual Fault	0 to 99 [-] -	☑ It indicates if any fault is active.  ☑ NOTE!  Faults related to communication, E28, are not indicated in P020.		
P023 Software Version	X.XX [-] -	☑ Indicates the Software version in the microcontroler memory (DSP) on the control board.		

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes
P030 Phase R current	0.0 to 6553 [ - ] 0.1A	☐ Indicates the output currents of phases R, S and T in Amperes. The True RMS current is indicated individually for each phase. ☐ Accuracy of ±2% for the full scale. (Full scale is 5 x In of SSW-07/SSW-08).
P031 Phase S current	0.0 to 6553 [ - ] 0.1A	
P032 Phase T current	0.0 to 6553 [ - ] 0.1A	
P050 Motor thermal protection status	0 to 250 [ - ] 1%	☑ Indication of the state of motor thermal protection in a scale of 0% to 250%. Being 250 the thermal protection functioning point of the motor, indicating an error. ☑ The value indicated in this parameter depends on the motor working condition and how long it has been in this condition, for example:stopped, starting or in full operation. The thermal class selected and the nominal power of the motor also influence in this parameter. ☑ Only a value of approximately 160 can be read if the motor is operating in full load for over 2 hours with a current equal to the nominal current times the service factor (ln x S.F.@2h).
P081 Heatsink temperature	10.0 to 110.0 [ - ] 0.1 °C	<ul> <li>☑ Indicates the SCR heatsink temperature in °C.</li> <li>☑ Range: 10.0°C (50.0°F) to 110.0°C (230.0°F).</li> </ul>
P090 to P096 Parameters Regarding the DeviceNet Communication	-	☑ Parameters for the DeviceNet interface configuration and operation. In order to get a detailed description, refer to the DeviceNet Communication Manual, supplied in electronic format on the CD-ROM that comes with the product.

P101	30 to 90	☑ Used in the control by Voltage Ramp and Pump Controls.					
Initial voltage (%Un)	[ 50 ]	☑ Sets the initial value of nominal voltage (%Un) that will be applie					
	1% Un do Motor	9					
		☐ This parameter must be set to the minimum value to get the					
		motor rotating.					
		☐ The initial voltage is applied at a greater or equal to 0.5s after					
		the Soft-Starter receives the command to start on the motor. This					
		is the delay time for the power supply isolation contactor to close					
		the contacts.					
		U(V) ▲ Start					
		P101					
		0 P102					
		0.5s					
		Enable					
		Figure 6.1 - Initial time in a start with voltage ramp					

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes		
P102 Acceleration ramp time	1 to 999 [ 20 ] 1s	☑ When the Soft-Starter is programmed with Voltage Ramp, Pump Control or Direct Online control, this is the voltage increment ramp time, as seen in the figure 6.2.		
		U(V)  P101-  Enable Voltage Ramp  Disable  Figure 6.2 - Acceleration ramp by voltage ramp  When the Soft-Starter is programmed with Current Limitation or Current Ramp control, this time serves as the maximum starting time, operating as a protection against blocked rotor.		
		Start  P110    ILimitation   INominal   It(s)		
		Figure 6.3 - Current limitation acceleration ramp  NOTE!  The time programmed at P102 is not the exact motor acceleration time, but, the voltage ramp time or the maximum starting time. The motor acceleration time will depend on the motor characteristics as well as the load.		
P103 Deceleration voltage step (% Un)	100 = Inactive 99 to 60 [100]	☑ Used in applications with hydraulic pumps. ☑ Sets the nominal voltage value (%Un) that will be applied to the motor immediately after the Soft-Starter receives the		

deceleration by ramp command.

For this function to turn on a deceleration ramp time must be

■ NOTE!

programmed.

Range

1%

Parameter P104 (3) Deceleration ramp time	Range [Factory Setting] Unit 0 = Inactive 1 to 240 [ 0 ] 1s	Description/ Notes  ☑ Used in applications with hydraulic pumps. ☑ Enables and sets the voltage decrement ramp time.  ☐ NOTE!  This function is used to lengthen the normal deceleration time of a load and not to force a lower time than the one imposed by the load.			
P105 End Deceleration Voltage	30 to 55 [ 30 ] 1%	☑ Used in hydraulic pump applications. ☑ Sets the nominal voltage (%Un), which will be applied to the motor at the end of the deceleration ramp. ☑ For more details about the programming and use, refer to Pump Control at P202.  U(V) P103 Disable Voltage Ramp  Figure 6.4 - Deceleration ramp by voltage decrement			
P110 <sup>(3)</sup> Start by current limitation (%In of the Soft-Starter)	30 to 500 [ 300 ] 1%In of the Soft-Starter	<ul> <li>☑ Defines the maximum current limit during a motor start as a percentage of the Soft-Started nominal current.</li> <li>☑ If the current limit is reached during the motor start, the Soft-Starter will maintain the current of this limit until the motor reaches the end of the start.</li> <li>☑ If the current limit is not reached, the motor will start immediately.</li> <li>☑ To select the Control by Current Limitation, see P202.</li> </ul>			
P111 Initial Current for Current Ramp (%In of the Soft-Starter)	30 to 500 [150] 1% In of the Soft-Starter	<ul> <li>☑ Used for the control by Current Ramp, P202=4.</li> <li>☑ Allows a current limit ramp to be programmed to help in the starting of loads that have a lower or higher starting torque.</li> <li>☑ The initial value of the current limit is shown by P111, the final value is shown by P110 and the time is shown by P112.</li> </ul>			

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes		
P112 Time for the Current Ramp (% de P102)	1 to 99 [20] 1% of P102	☑ Used for the control by Current Ramp, P202=4. ☑ It enables programming the time, in percent of P102, for the end Current Ramp. ☑ After the time, programmed at P112, has elapsed, it starts operation by Current Limit, given by P110.  I(A) P110 P111 Nominal Current P111 P111 Enable Current Ramp Disable  Figure 6.5 a) - Current Limit by Current Ramp during Starting		
		P110 P111  Nominal Current  I Limit Nominal Current  I Enable Current Ramp Disable  Figure 6.5 b) - Current Limit by Current Ramp during Starting		

# 6.3. CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS - P200 to P299

P200	0 or 1	Table 6.1 - Enabling the password				
The password is (activate/deactivate password)	[1]	P200	Action			
		0 (Inactive)	Allows the parameter contents to be altered independent of P000.			
		1 (Active)	Only allows parameter content alterations when P000 is equal to the password value.			
		■ The value 0	f the password is P000=5.			

#### Range [Factory Setting] Parameter Unit **Description/ Notes** P202 0 to 5 Table 6.2 - Type of control [0=Voltage Type of control P202 Description 0 Voltage ramp Ramp] 1 Current limitation Pump control No function 4 Current ramp Direct online Start (DOL) ☑ Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 has five types of starting controls to best adapt itself to the needs of its application. Starting with voltage ramp: This is the most commonly used method. The Soft-Starter imposes the voltage on the motor without any

# Starting by current limitation:

The maximum current level is maintained during the start, being set according to the needs of the application.

kind of voltage or current feedback applied to the motor. This is applied to loads with lower initial torques or quadratic torques. This kind of control can be used as an initial working test.

Applied to loads with higher initial torques or constant torques. This type of control is used to adapt the start to the capacity limits of the supply network.

#### Start by Pump Control:

This type of control provides the required torque for starting and stopping hydraulic centrifugal pumps smoothly.

It has a special algorithm for application in centrifugal pumps, where loads with quadratic torques are present.

This special algorithm aims to minimize pressure overshoots in the hydraulic piping, which can result in breakdown or excessive pump wearing.

#### Start by Current Ramp:

The maximum current level is limited during the start process, however higher or lower current limits can be set during the beginning of the start sequence.

It can substitute the kick start functions for loads with higher initial torques.

This type of control is used for loads with lower or higher initial torques. This type of control is used to match the start process to the limits of the power supply capacity.

#### Direct online start (DOL):

The Soft-Starter imposes 100% of voltage on the motor without any kind of voltage or current feedback applied to the motor. This method is applied only in special cases, where is required 100% of voltage on the motor during the motor starting.

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes				
P203 Fan Control	0 to 2 [2] -	<ul> <li>☑ P203 defines the operation mode of the heatsink cooling fan</li> <li>☑ The ventilation kit is an option. Refer to the Optional Devices Chapter on the User Manual.</li> <li>☑ The SSW-07/SSW-08 from 17 to 30A models do not need the ventilation kit.</li> <li>☑ When in the "fan controlled by software" mode (P203 = 2), the fan is switched ON when the SCR's are conducing or when the heatsink temperature is higher than 65°C. The fan is switched OFF when the SCR's are not conducing and the temperature is lower than 55°C.</li> <li>Table 6.3 - Options for the fan control</li> <li>P203 Action</li> <li>0 The Fan is always OFF</li> <li>1 The fan is always ON</li> <li>2 The fan is controlled by software</li> </ul>				
P204 <sup>(f)</sup> Loads parameters with factory default values	0 to 5 [0] -	☑ Reprograms all the parameters to the factory default values, making P204=5. ☑ Parameters P000, P295, P308 and P312 are not changed when P204=5 (factory default).  Table 6.4 - Loads parameters with factory default  P204 Action 0 to 4 No function 1 Loads factory default				
P205 Selection of the reading parameter	0 to 999 [1] -	☑ Selects which parameters will be shown on the display after the Soft-Starter is energized. ☑ The value programmed at P205 is equal to the parameter number that will be shown on the display after it is energized. ☑ If the programmed value corresponds to a non-existent parameter, the adopted value will be 1=P001.				
P206 Auto-Reset time	3 to 1200 [900] 1s	<ul> <li>☑ When an error occurs, except for E04, E10, E19, E24, E28 E3x, E67 and E77, the Soft-Starter will reset automatically, after passing the time given by P206.</li> <li>☑ After the auto-reset, if the same error occurs again three time consecutively, the auto-reset function will be inhibited. If an error appears again up to 30 seconds after the auto-reset is executed it is considered to be a reoccurrence,</li> <li>☑ Therefore, if an error occurs four times consecutively, this error will continue being indicated (and the Soft-Starter will continue to be disabled) permanently.</li> <li>☑ NOTE!</li> <li>For Electronic Motor Overload and Power Overtemperature ther is a specific algorithm for the automatic reset time.</li> </ul>				
P207 <sup>(3)</sup> Auto-Reset	0 to 1 [0=Inactive]	Table 6.5 - Auto-Reset Selection           P207         Description           0         Inactive           1         Active				

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Observation					
P215 (1)	0 to 2	☑ The copy function is used to transfer the parameter contents					
Copy function	[0]	of a Soft-Starter.					
	-	Table 6.6 - Copy function					
		<b>P215</b>	Action Inactive	Explanation			
		1	Copy (SSW → Keypad)	Transfers the present parameter contents of the Soft-Starter to the non-volatile memory of the keypad (EEPROM).  The present parameters of the Soft-Starter remain unaltered.			
		2	Paste (Keypad → SSW)	Transfers the contents of the non-volatile memory of the keypad (EEPROM) to the present parameters of the Soft-Starter.			
			ocedure to be used A to Soft-Starter B:	to copy the parameterization of Soft-			
		to copy 2. Set I to the While t the dis transfe 3. Rem 4. Con to transf 5. Set I memo Soft-Si keypac of past is rese this m	y the parameters (S P215=1 (copy) to trakeypad. Press the the copy function is liplay. P215 returns er is concluded. hove the keypad froncet this same keyp sfer the parameters P215=2 (paste) to tray of the keypad (EE tarter A) to Soft-Statistic is processing the pite, will appear on the tit, the transfer of the	peing processed, "COPY" appears on automatically to 0 (Inactive) when the			
		Please remember: If Soft-Starters A and B command different motors, please the motor parameters of Soft-Starter A and B. For copying the parameter contents of Soft-Starter A to oth Starters, repeat procedures 4 and 5 above.					
			Soft-Starter A  Parameters	Soft-Starter  Parameters  N→Keypad (copy)  P215=1  Press. (*Roce)    Keypad→SSW (paste)   P215=2   Press. (*Roce)			

**Figure 6.6 -** Copy of the parameters from "Soft-Starter A" to "Soft-Starter B"

НМІ

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes					
		If the Keypad has saved parameters of a "different version" than that installed in Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 to which it is trying to copy the parameters, the operation will not be executed and Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 will display error E10 (Error: Copy Function not permitted). "Different Version" are those that are different in "x" or "y", supposing that the numbering of Software Versions is described as Vx.yz.					
P219 <sup>(1)</sup> Parameterization via keypad / (Trimpots and DIP Switch)	0 to 2 [ 0=Trimpots and DIP Switch]	P101, P102, P104, P11	0, P202, P207, P P640. These para	ne following parameters: 401, P520, P521, P611, meters are marked in the rvation (3).			
		0 – "(Trimpot and DIP Switch) Mode", programming of the parameters mentioned above is done through the Trimpots and DIP Switches. The parameters function as reading parameters, only showing the programmed values through Trimpots and DIP Switches. The values programmed through serial communication are not used.					
		1 – "Keypad Mode", programming of the parameters mentioned above is done through serial communication or keypad. The values set in the Trimpots and DIP Switches are not used.					
		2 - "P202=2 / Trimpot and DIP", use this mode only when the pump control is required and there is not available a Keypad or serial communication. In this mode, the parameterization is done through Trimpots and DIP Switch. The control type is set to pump control, ignoring the setting of the DIP Switch "Voltage Ramp / Current Limit". The item 5.1.4 of the User's Manual, explain how to program P219 without Keypad or serial communication.					
P220 <sup>(1)</sup> LOCAL/REMOTE Source Selection	0 to 8 [ 3 = Keypad (Remote Default)]	between the Local and	Remote situation				
	-		Remote Selection	Default Situation			
		0 Always	Local Situation	Local			
			Remote Situation em" Keypad	Remote Local			
		3 "Loc/Re	em" Keypad	Remote			
			nputs DI1 to DI3 Communication	Status DIx Local			
		6 Serial C	Communication	Remote			
		7 Fieldbu 8 Fieldbu		Local Remote			
P229 (1) Command selection – local	0 to 3 [ 0 = Keypad ]	☑ Default Situation = When the Soft-Starter is energized (initialization).					
situation		•		mands of the Soft-Starter.			
(f)	0 to 2	P229/P230	8 – Origin of the mo				
P230 <sup>(1)</sup>	0 to 3 [1 = Terminals]	0	Keyp				
Command selection – remote	-	1 Dlx Digital Inputs					
situation		2 Serial Communication 3 Fieldbus					
อแนสแบบ			. Iolui	<del></del>			

P265 DI3 Input function	0 to 8 [6 = Reset]	(Start/Stop with Three Wires), inputs DI1 and DI2 become DI1 = Start and DI2 = Stop. Use push button, DI1 Normally Open and DI2 Normally Closed. Requires the programming of the Enable/ Disable commands by digital input.
		☑ "Local/Remote" = The digital input is Open/Closed, respectively. Do not program more than one digital input for this function.
		☑ "Error Reset" = Resets the errors when the digital input is closed. Use only push button. When the input remains closed, the error reset will not act.
		☑ "No External Error" = There is no external fault if the digital input is closed.
		☑ "General Enable/General Disable" = The digital input is Closed/Open, respectively. This function allows the motor to turn on when it is on General Enable and to turn off the motor without a deceleration ramp when the General Disable command is given. There is no need to program general enable to turn on the motor via digital input. If general enable is programmed by digital input, then it must be closed to allow the motor to turn on, even if the commands are not by digital inputs.
		☑ "Rotation Direction" = Digital input open K1 "on" and K2 "off", digital input closed K1 "off" and K2 "on". This enables the change control of the rotation direction through digital input. Do not program more than one digital input for this function.
		☑ "Jog" = It is possible to enable slow speed with Jog via Digital Input when it is closed. Use a push-button only. Do not program more than one digital input for this function.
		☑ "Brake Off" = It is possible to disable the braking methods when the digital input is open, for extra safety, monitor real motor stand still and disable the braking immediately. If more than one digital input is programmed for this function, any one which is opened disables the braking immediately
		☑ "Emergency Start" = It makes possible start and stop the motor during any error action, not respecting the protections of Soft-Starter or the motor. This option is used for the hydraulical pumps of protection against fire.

**Description/ Notes** 

commands by digital input.

P012.

☑ Check the options available on table 6.8.

☑ The status of the digital inputs can be monitored in parameter

☑ "Enable/Disable" = DI1 input is Closed/Open, respectively.

Requires the programming of P263 = 1, P264 ≠1 (Enable/Disable with two wires) and the programming of the Enable/Disable

☑ "Start/Stop" = When programming P263 = 1 and P264 = 1

Range [Factory Setting]

Unit

0 to 8

[1 = Start/Stop

(Two wires) or

Start (Three

wires)]

0 to 8

[6 = Reset]

**Parameter** 

**DI1 Input Function** 

DI2 Input function

P263

P264

	Range
	[Factory Setting]
Parameter	Unit

### **Description/ Notes**

#### NOTE!

The Emergency Start only must be used in emergency case, otherwise the Soft-Starter or the motor may be damaged.

Table 6.9 - Digital input functions

Dix Parameter Function	P263 (DI1)	P264 (DI2)	P265 (DI3)
No Function	0	0	0
Enable/Disable or Start (two or Three wires)	1	-	-
Stop (Three wires)	-	1	-
General Enable	-	-	1
Local/Remote	2	2	2
No External Fault	3	3	3
Rotation Direction	4	4	4
Brake Off	5	5	5
Reset	6	6	6
Emergency Start	-	7	7
Jog	8	8	8

# P277 RL1 Relay function

0 to 13 [1= Running]

# P278

0 to 13 [2= Full Voltage] RL2 Relay function

- ☑ Check the options available on table 6.9.
- ☑ The status of the relay outputs can be monitored in parameter
- ☑ When the function programmed for the relay output is true, the relay output will be turned on.
- ☑ "No Function" = Relay outputs always turned off.
- ✓ "Running" = The output is turned on when the Soft-Starter receives an enabled signal. The output is turned off when the Soft-Starter receives the turn off command, or at the end of the deceleration ramp, if it is programmed.
- ☑ "Full Voltage" = The output is turned on when the Soft-Starter reaches 100% Un and turned off when it receives an off command
- ☑ "FWD/REV K1" = this operation is similar to the "Running". but it must be enabled with forward motor direction of rotation. See the recommended setup at the User's Manual for more information.
- ☑ "FWD/REV K2" = this operation is similar to the "Running". but it must be enabled with reverse motor direction of rotation. See the recommended setup at the User's Manual for more information.
- ☑ "DC-Braking" = the output will be enabled while the DC-Braking is active. See P501 and the recommended setup at the User's Manual for more information.
- ☑ "No Fault" = The output is enabled, if the Soft-Starter is not disabled due to any error.
- ☑ "Fault" = The output is enabled, if the Soft-Starter is disabled due to any error.
- ☑ "Serial" = See the Serial Communication Manual.
- ☑ "Shunt Trip" = When one of these errors are active, E03, E19, E66, E72 or E77, the output is turned on.

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description	on/ Notes				
		Table 6.10 – Relay output functions					
			R	Lx Parameter	P277 (RL1)	P278 (RL2)	
		FU	Inction No Function		0	0	1
			Running		1	1	-
			Full Voltage		2	2	-
			No Function		3	3	-
			FWD/REV -		4	-	•
			FWD/REV -	- K2	-	4	
			DC-Brakir	ng	5	5	_
			No Fault	t	6	6	_
			Fault		7	7	_
			No Function	on	8	8	=
			Serial		9	9	-
			No Function		10	10	-
			No Function No Function		11 12	11 12	-
			Shunt Tri		13	13	-
			Ondrit III	Р	10	10	-
P295 (1)(2)	0 to 13		Table 6.11 - No.	minal current c	onfigurat	ion	
Nominal current	[According to the		P295	Nominal Cu			
Norminal current			0	1.7			
	nominal current of		1	17		_	
	the Soft-Starter		2	24		_	
	SSW-07/		3	30			
	SSW-081		4	45		_	
	A		5	61			
	^		6	85		_	
			7	130		_	
			8 9	171 200		_	
			10	255		_	
			11	312		_	
			12	365		_	
			13	412		_	
		· ·	ENTION!				
		like the one	am this paramete for your Soft-Sta s programmed	arter SSW-07	'/SSW-	08 mod	del. If this
P308 (1)(2)	1 to 247		he Soft-Starter	address in th	ne Mod	bus-RT	U serial
Soft-Starter	[1]	communicati					
address	-	☑ For more Communicat	details, see the s ion Manual.	Soft-Starter S	SW-07	/SSW-(	)8 Serial

# 6.4. COMMUNICATION PARAMETERS - P300 to P399

P312 (1)(2)	1 to 9		Table	6.12 - Modbus-RTU standard and protoco
Type of protocol and	[1=Modbus-RTU		P312	Action
transmission rate of	(9600bps, no		1	Modbus-RTU (9600bps, no parity)
the serial	parity)]	_	2	Modbus-RTU (9600bps, odd parity)
communication	-	- ;	3	Modbus-RTU (9600bps, even parity)
		_	4	Modbus-RTU (19200bps, no parity)
		_	5	Modbus-RTU (19200bps, odd parity)
		_	6	Modbus-RTU (19200bps, even parity)
		7 8	7	Modbus-RTU (38400bps, no parity)
			8	Modbus-RTU (38400bps, odd parity)
		_	9	Modbus-RTU (38400bps, even parity)

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes
		<ul> <li>☑ Defines the protocol standards of the Modbus-RTU serial communication.</li> <li>☑ For more details, see the Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 Serial Communication Manual.</li> </ul>
P313 Serial communication error action (E28)	0 to 3 [1=Disable]	Table 6.13 – Serial communication error action    P313
P314 <sup>(1)</sup> Serial communication verification time	0 to 999 [0=Inactive] 1s	☑ If the Soft-Starter does not receive any valid serial telegram after the time programmed in P314 has passed, a serial error will occur and the Soft-Starter will take on the action programmed at P313. ☑ For more details, see the Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 Serial Communication Manual. ☑ NOTES! ☑ The Remote/Local keypad exchanges data with the microprocessor through serial communication, therefore this function is also valid for the communication between the keypad and the Soft-Starter. ☑ If the serial communication is not being used, this parameter must remain at 0 (Inactive).
P331 to P348 Parameters Regarding the DeviceNet Communication	-	☑ Parameters for the DeviceNet interface configuration and operation. In order to get a detailed description, refer to the DeviceNet Communication Manual, supplied in electronic format on the CD-ROM that comes with the product.

# 6.5. MOTOR PARAMETERS - P400 to P499

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes
P400 <sup>(1)</sup> Motor nominal voltage	1 to 999 [ 380 ] 1V	$\ensuremath{\square}$ Set according to the data on the motor plate and corresponding to the type of attachment.
P401 <sup>(1)</sup> Motor current setting	30.0 to 100.0 [ 100.0 ] 0.1%	☑ Sets the value of the motor current in percentage in relation to the nominal current of the Soft-Starter.  P401 = In_Motor_x 100%  ☑ The value of this parameter is directly related to the actuation levels of the motor current protections.  ☑ With P219=0, the parameter content indicates the value set through the Motor Current trimpot.  ☑ With P219=1, the parameter content indicates the value set through serial communication or keypad.
P406 <sup>(1)</sup> Service factor	1.00 to 1.50 [ 1.00 ]	☑ Set the service factor according to the data on the motor plate.
P501 DC-Braking Time	0 to 299 [ 0 = Inactive ] 1s	<ul> <li>☑ P501 sets the time that the braking voltage is applied.</li> <li>☑ This function must be used when reduction of the deceleration time imposed by the load to the system is desired.</li> <li>☑ One contactor is needed to short-circuit the output lines V and W. See the recommended set-up at the User's Manual for more information.</li> <li>☑ NOTE!</li> <li>Wherever this function is used, you must consider a possible thermal overload on the motor windings. The protection against SSW overload does not operate at DC braking.</li> </ul>
P502 DC-Braking Voltage Level	30 to 70 [30] 1%	<ul> <li>☑ P502 sets the AC line voltage that is converted directly into DC-voltage and applied on the motor terminals during the braking time.</li> <li>⚠ ATTENTION!</li> <li>1. Be careful with this voltage level. Set it according to the application so that the Soft-Starter and the motor can withstand the settings.</li> <li>2. Start with low voltage levels and increase them according to the need.</li> <li>3. The current protections do not work with a DC current because the current transformers saturate with DC current.</li> <li>4. The Soft-Starter does not protect the motor while it is performing the braking, if no motor PTC sensor is used.</li> <li>5. To measure this current during braking you need a special current meter with hall effect transformers.</li> </ul>

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes
<b>P510</b> Jog	0 to 1 [ 0 = Inactive ]	☑ P510 enables the Jog function.
	-	Table 6.14 - Jog Selection
		P510 Description
		0 Inactive
		1 Active
<b>P511</b> Jog Level	30 to 70 [30] 1%	<ul> <li>P511 sets the voltage level applied to the motor during the Jog function.</li> <li>ATTENTION!</li> <li>The motor can be enabled during a short period of time only, with Jog. Connect a push-button to a digital input to enable the Jog.</li> <li>The P102 parameter is the time limit protection of the Jog. If this time is exceeded, fault E62 will appear.</li> </ul>

# 6.6. PARAMETERS OF THE SPECIAL FUNCTIONS - P500 to P599

P520 (1)(3)	0 or 1	☑ The Soft-Starter allows for the use of a voltage pulse in the start
Voltage pulse at the	[0=Inactive]	for loads that present a great initial resistance to the movement.
start (Kick Start)	-	<ul> <li>Enabled through P520=1 and with the duration time adjustable at P521.</li> <li>The voltage level applied during the voltage pulse is defined at</li> </ul>
P521 (3)	0.2 to 2.0	P522.
Pulse time at the	[ 0.2 ]	☑ The voltage pulse works equally for voltage ramp control and for
start	0.1s	current limitation.
P522	70 to 90	NOTE!
Voltage pulse level at	[ 80 ]	Only use this function for specific applications where necessary.
the start (%Un)	1%	
		U(V) ♠ Start 100%Un
		P522
		P101
		0 P102 t(s)
		P521 Enable Voltage Ramp Disable
		Figure 6.7 - Voltage pulse at the start
		3,7,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,

# 6.7. PROTECTION PARAMETERS - P600 to P699

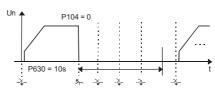
0.7.1 KO1201101	VI AIVAMETER	7 1 000 10 1 000
Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes
P610 <sup>(1)</sup> Phase Loss or Immediate	1 to 80 [ 80 ] 1%In of the motor	☑ The immediate undercurrent parameter P610 defines the percentage of the motor current below the motor nominal current that causes a trip.
Undercurrent (% In of the Motor)		$P610 = \frac{InMot - Imin}{InMot} * 100\%$
P611 <sup>(1)(3)</sup> Immediate undercurrent time or phase loss P612 <sup>(1)</sup>	0=Inactive 1 to 99 [ 1 ] 1s	☑ The immediate undercurrent protection trips when the motor current remains below motor nominal current by the percentage set in P610 for the time period set in P611. When it trips, the soft starter disables the motor and indicates phase loss or undercurrent error. The undercurrent protection is especially useful in pump applications, which cannot operate without load.
Immediate	[100]	
overcurrent  P613 <sup>(1)(3)</sup> Immediate	1%In of the motor 0=Inactive 1 to 99	Even before starting the motor the phase loss is already detected by means of the synchronism pulses, i.e., this error is detected through the voltage applied to the power terminals.
overcurrent time	[1] 1s	☐ The immediate overcurrent parameter P612 defines the percentage of the motor current above the motor nominal current that causes the trip.
		$P612 = \frac{Imax - InMot}{InMot} * 100\%$
		☑ The immediate overcurrent protection trips when the motor current remains above motor nominal current by the percentage set in P612 for the time period set in P613. When it trips, the soft starter disables the motor and indicates overcurrent error.
		NOTE!  The immediate overcurrent protection is active only with full voltage, after the motor has started.
		P612 Nominal
		P610 Area of Application of P610 t(s)  Enable Disable
		I(A) Tripping
		P612 Tripping Overcurrent  P610 Nominal Nominal Nominal
		$t$ $\leftarrow P611 \rightarrow t(s)$ $t$ $\leftarrow P613 \rightarrow t(s)$
		Figure 6.8 - Actuation levels for over and undercurrent
		In order to achieve correct operation of the under- and overcurrent
		protection, adjust the motor naminal current, either via trimpet or

via P401.

protection, adjust the motor nominal current, either via trimpot or

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes
P614 <sup>(1)</sup> Current imbalance between phases (%In of the Motor)	0 to 30 [ 15 ] 1%In of the Motor	<ul> <li>☑ The current imbalance values are set as a percentage of the nominal motor current.</li> <li>☑ P614 sets the maximum value of the current difference among the three motor phases, which can operate without problems during the time set at P615. After this time the Soft-Stater turns off, indicating a current imbalance error.</li> </ul>
P615 <sup>(1)</sup> Current imbalance time between phases	0=Inactive 1 to 99 [ 0 ] 1s	• NOTE!  These functions only work in full voltage, after the motor start.
P616 <sup>(1)</sup> Undercurrent before By-pass closing	0 or 1 [ 0=Inactive ] -	<ul> <li>☑ When enabled, this function permits undercurrent protection before the By-pass closing. In other words, it prevents the By-pass from closing during a fault in the power supply network or in some thyristor.</li> <li>☑ When disabled, it allows motors to start with a nominal current lower than 10% of the Soft-Starter nominal current.</li> </ul>
P617 <sup>(1) (3)</sup> Blocked Rotor	0 or 1 [ 1=Active ] -	☑ When enabled, this function permits protection against a blocked rotor at the end of the start. In other words, it keeps the By-pass from closing with an overcurrent greater or equal to 2 times the nominal motor current.
		Only disable this function in cases where the motor withstands superior current duties.
P620 <sup>(1)(3)</sup> RST Phase sequence	0 or 1 [1=Active] -	☑ Its function is to protect loads that can only rotate in a single direction. When enabled, it only allows the phase sequence R/1L1, S/3L2, T/5L3. ☑ When enabled, the phase sequence is detected every time the motor is turned on. ☑ Frequently used in applications with hydraulic pumps that cannot rotate in the opposite direction.
<b>P621</b> E77 Enabling	0 to 1 [ 1 = Active ] -	☑ The bypass contactor closed protection (E77), acts improperly when the motor is disconnected from the Soft-Starter before the Stop command. This improper performance of the E77 is common in multimotor applications.
		Only disable this protection to make possible the use of the SSW-07/SSW-08 in multimotor applications, that is, when a SSW-07/SSW-08 starts more than a motor.
P622 <sup>(1)</sup> SSW Short Circuit	0 to 1 [ 0=Inactive ]	☑ Its function is to protect the motor when a short circuit occurs in the power circuit of the Soft-Starter, thyristors or by-pass with the motor stopped, that is, without the Run command.
		This protection will only be actuated through contactor or circuit breaker of the power isolation, and it is deactivated by the error output.

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes
P630 Time interval after stopping	2 to 999 [ 2 ] 1s	☑ This protection limits the minimum time interval between the starts after the end of the deceleration ramp.



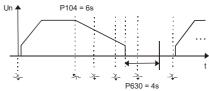
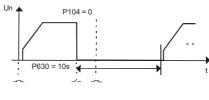


Figure 6.9 - Activation via three wire, digital inputs (DI1 and DI2)



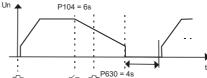


Figure 6.10 - Activation via two wire, digital inputs (DI1)

#### OBSERVATION:

The activate command will only be dealt with after the time interval programmed at P630 has passed.

# NOTES!

- 1) The time interval initiates its count at the end of the deceleration ramp.
- 2) If the control card supply is removed, there will be no time count.

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes
P640 (1)(3)	0=Inactive	Table 6.1
Motor protection	1 to 6	P640
thermal class	[6]	0

Table 6.15 - Thermal classes		
P640	Thermal Class	
0	Inactive	
1	Class 5	
2	Class 10	
3	Class 15	
4	Class 20	
5	Class 25	
6	Class 30	

- ☑ Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 has a rigid, effective and totally programmable Thermal Protection to protect your motor. All Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 models have this protection, which upon actuation, indicates an overload error and turns the motor off.
- ☑ This Thermal Protection has curves that simulate the motor heating and cooling. All calculations are done through a complex software that estimates the motor temperature through the True RMS current supplied.
- ☑ The actuation curves of the motor Thermal Protection are based on IEC 60947-4-2 standards.
- ☑ The heating and cooling curves of the motor are based on many years of WEG motor development. They adopt the IP55 Three Phase Motor as a standard and also consider if the motor is cooling while activated or not.
- ☑ The cooling time of the thermal image depends on the motor power. In other words, for each power there is a different cooling time. Where there is a need to decrease this time, the P641 can be used.
- ☑ The estimated value of the motor temperature is saved in non-volatile memory every time the control card supply is removed. Therefore, after supplying the control card, the last saved value will be returned.
- ☑ The thermal image can be reset, disabling and enabling the motor overload protection.

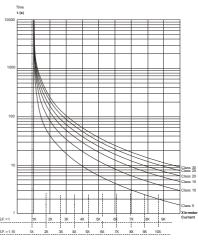


Figure 6.11 - Thermal class protection for cold motor

# **Description/ Notes**

Table 6.16 - Thermal class protection times for cold motor with S.F.=1

Motor	Class		
Current	30	20	10
3xIn	101.2s	67.5s	33.7s
5xIn	36.1s	24s	12s
7xIn	18.3s	12.2s	6.1s

Table 6.17 - Thermal class protection times for cold motor with S.F.=1.15

Motor	Class		
Current	30	20	10
3xIn	135.1s	90.1s	45.1s
5xIn	47.7s	31.8s	15.9s
7xIn	24.3s	16.2s	8.1s

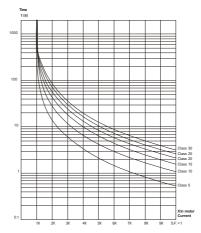


Figure 6.12 - Thermal class protection for hot motor with 100%In

Table 6.18 - Thermal class protection times for hot motor

Motor	Class		
Current	30	20	10
3xIn	34.4s	23.6s	11.8s
5xIn	12.6s	8.4s	4.2s
7xIn	6.4s	4.2s	2.1s

Table 6.19 - Multiplication factor of the thermal class protection times for cold motor to obtain the thermal class times for hot motor

Current as a %In of the Motor	Factor
0%(cold)	1
20%	0,87
40%	0,74
60%	0,61
80%	0,48
100% (rated load)	0,35

Parameter	Range [Factory Setting] Unit	Description/ Notes
		If there are various thermal classes it is because it is necessary to program exactly one that best adapts to its application and protects the motor inside its permitted work duty.  When using a motor with a PTC thermal sensor or thermostat connected internally to the Soft-Starter, there is no need to enable the thermal classes, therefore, disable the motor overload protection. To connect a PTC thermal sensor to the Soft-Starter

User's Guide.

# P641 <sup>(1)</sup> Thermal memory auto-reset

0 to 600 [0=Inactive] ☑ Sets the time for the auto-reset of the motor thermal image.

SSW-07/SSW-08, it is necessary to use an optional module. See the chapter Options and Accessories in the SSW-07/SSW-08

- ☑ This function can be used in applications that need various starts per hour or shorter time intervals between the motor start and stop.
- ☑ The thermal image cooling time depends on the power of the motor. In other words, for each power there is a different cooling time
- ☑ The thermal image can also be reset by disabling and enabling the motor overload protection.

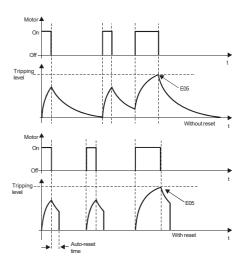


Figure 6.13 - Thermal memory auto-reset

### NOTE!

Remember that using this function can decrease the lifetime of the motor winding used.

# 7. ERRORS AND POSSIBLE CAUSES

When an error is detected, the motor is deactivated and the error is displayed.

To return the Soft-Starter to normal operation after the occurrence of an error, it is necessary to reset it. This can generally be done in the following ways:

- ☑ By turning off the power supply and turning it back on (Power-on reset);
- ☑ Through the reset button in the front panel of the Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08 (Reset button);
- ☑ Automatically, through the automatic reset (auto-reset);
- ☑ Via digital inputs (DIx);
- ☑ By pressing the ( ) key of the keypad (manual reset);
- ☑ By serial communication (Serial).

Description of the Protection and Fault Display	Activation Description	Probable Causes	Related Parameters	Reset
Phase loss or undercurrent E03 (LED Phase Loss) Flashing	- At starting: It occurs when there is no voltage in the power supply terminals (R/1L1, S/3L2 and T/5L3) or when the motor is disconnected.  - With the motor running: It trips when the current stays below the programmed value longer than the programmed time. Referring the motor nominal current. When the parameters are set with the factory default values, then this protection trips after elapsing 1 second with phase loss either at the input or the at the output (motor). It trips when the current circulating through the SSW-07/SSW-08 is less than 20% of the value adjusted at the Motor Current trimpot.	undercurrent (P610) is below the necessary value for the motor and the application.  - In hydraulic pump application, it may be running without load.  - Phase loss in the three-phase network.  - Short-circuit or thyristor or By-pass fault.  - Motor not connected.  - Motor connection is incorrect.  - Loose contact in the connections.	P610 P611 P401	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Auto-reset. Dix. Serial.
Overtemperature in the power section  E04 (LED Fault) Flashes once (LED Ready) On	- When the heatsink temperature is higher than the limit value Also works when the temperature sensor is not connected.  When the time limits given by the time x temperature curves of SCR protection are exceeded.	- Load on the shaft too great Elevated number of successive starts Internal temperature sensor not connected Starting cycle requires ventilation kit (models from 45 A to 200 A).	-	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Auto-reset. Dlx. Serial.
Electronic motor overload  E05 (LED Overload) Flashing	- When the times given by the programmed thermal class curves are exceeded.	- "Motor Current" trimpot incorrectly set (setting of the motor current). The set value too low for the motor being used Starting sequence greater that allowed Programmed thermal class below the duty permitted by the motor Time between stopping and starting below what is permitted by the cooling time for that motor power Load on the shaft too high Thermal protection saved when the control is turned off and brought back when turned back on.	P640 P641 P401 P406	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Auto-reset. Dix. Serial.

Description of the Protection and Fault Display	Activation Description	Probable Causes	Related Parameters	Reset
External fault (DI)  E06 (LED Fault) Flashes 3 times (LED Ready) On	-When there is the opening for the digital input programmed for external fault.	- Open digital input wiring programmed for external fault.	P263 P264 P265	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Auto-reset. Dlx. Serial.
Fault in the Copy function	- When the keypad is loaded with parameters of a different version than the Soft-Starter.	- Attempt to copy the keypad parameters to Soft-Starters with incompatible software versions.	P215	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Dlx. Serial.
Short circuit in the SSW power E19 (Fault LED) Flashes 7 times (Ready LED) is off	- When the current value in one of the phases is above 30% of the Soft-Starter rated current with the motor stopped, that is, without the Run command.	Short circuit in some thyristor or relay of internal by-pass.     External short circuit in parallel with the Soft-Starter power.     Defect in the current analog reading.	P622	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Dix. Serial.
Programming fault	- When there is an attempt to set a parameter that is incompatible with the others.	- Attempt to set a parameter that is incompatible with the others. See table 5.1.	-	Automatic reset after fault correction.
Timeout fault in telegram reception  E28  (Communication module LED Error) Flashes once	When the Soft-Starter stops receiving telegrams from the master for a period longer than the one programmed in P314.	- The timeout time programmed in P314 is shorter than the time between the telegrams sent by the network master The network master does not send telegrams cyclically, program P314=0 If the serial communication is not being used, program P314=0 For further details, see the Serial Communication Manual of Soft-Starter SSW-07/SSW-08.	P313 P314	Automatic reset after fault correction.
Keypad connection fault	- When the physical connection between the keypad and the Soft-Starter is interrupted.	Bad-contact in the keypad cable.     Electric noise in the installation (electromagnetic interference).	-	Automatic reset after fault correction.
Excess current limit start timeout E62 (LED Fault) Flashes twice (LED Ready) On	When the starting time is longer than the time set in the acceleration ramp trimpot. Active only with a current limit starting.	Time programmed for the acceleration ramp shorter than what is necessary.     Programmed current limitation value too low.     Locked motor, blocked rotor.	P102 P110 P202	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Auto-reset. Dlx. Serial.
Stall E63 (LED Stall) Flashing	Activates before full voltage, if the current is greater than twice the nominal motor current.	- Programmed acceleration ramp time lower than the actual acceleration time Locked motor shaft (blocked) The transformer that supplies the motor can be saturating and taking too much time to recover from the starting current.	P617 P401	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Auto-reset. Dlx. Serial.

Description of the Protection and Fault Display	Activation Description	Probable Causes	Related Parameters	Reset
Overcurrent  E66 (LED Overcurrent) Flashing	- When the current value is above the value programmed during the time programmed. In reference to the nominal motor current It is only monitored when the SSW-07/SSW-08 is in full voltage (100% of the voltage) With parameters programmed at factory default values, this protection turns on when the motor current passes the value in 3 times the nominal motor current, for more than 1s.	Short-circuit between the phases.     Momentary motor overload.     Locked motor shaft, blocked rotor.	P612 P613 P401	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Auto-reset. Dix. Serial.
Incorrect phase sequence E67 (LED Phase Seq) Flashing	When the sequence of synchronism signal interruptions does not follow the RST sequence.	Inverted input network phase sequence.     May have been changed in another place of the supply network.     Motor connection is incorrect.	P620	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Dlx. Serial.
Undervoltage in the control supply  E70  (LED Fault) Flashes twice  (LED Ready) Off	- Activates on when the control supply voltage is lower than 93Vac.	Electronic supply lower than the minimum value.     Electronics power supply with loose contact.     Electronics power supply fuse are blown.	-	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Auto-reset. Dlx. Serial.
Internal By- pass relay contact open E71 (LED Fault) Flashes 3 times (LED Ready) Off	- When there is a fault with the internal By-pass relay contacts at full voltage.	Loose contact in the starting cables of the internal By-pass relays.     Defective By-pass relay contacts due to an overload.     Incorrect electronic supply voltage, only for SSW-07/SSW-08 models 255-412A.	-	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Auto-reset. Dix. Serial.
Overcurrent before the By- pass E72 (LED Fault) Flashes 4 times (LED Ready) Off	- Activates before the closing of the By- pass if the current is greater than: 37.5A for the SSW models up to 30A; 200A for the SSW models of 45 to 85 A; 260A for the SSW models of 130A; 400A for the SSW models of 171 to 200A.	Programmed acceleration ramp time shorter than the actual acceleration time.     Nominal motor current above the current tolerated by the Soft-Starter.     Locked motor shaft, blocked rotor.	-	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Auto-reset. Dlx. Serial.
Current imbalance E74 (LED Fault) Flashes 5 times (LED Ready) On	When the current value of one of the phases is above or below the value programmed, during the time programmed. In reference to the other motor phases.	- Value programmed at P614 and P615 is beyond the limits tolerated for its application Voltage loss in one or more phase of the supply network Phase loss in the supply network Under-dimensioned input transformers Open input fuses Bad contact in the motor connections or in the supply network.	P614 P615	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Auto-reset. Dlx. Serial.

Description of the Protection and Fault Display	Activation Description	Probable Causes	Related Parameters	Reset
Supply network frequency out of tolerated range	- When the frequency is higher or lower than the limits of 45Hz to 66Hz.	The line frequency is out of range.     When the Soft-Starter + the motor are being supplied by a generator that is not supporting the full load regime or the start of the motor.	-	Power-on. Manual reset.
(LED Fault) Flashes once				Reset key. Auto-reset. Dlx. Serial.
(LED Ready) Off				
Undercurrent before the By- pass closing E76 (LED Fault) Flashes 4 times (LED Ready) On	- When at the end of the acceleration ramp and before the internal By-pass relay closing, the current is lower than 0.1x the Soft-Starter nominal current (P295x0.1).	- Supply network voltage fault or fault in the thyristor before the By-pass closing Incorrect Soft-Starter nominal current programmed at P295 Nominal motor current below the minimum current P616=0 can be set for tests.	P616	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Auto-reset. Dlx. Serial.
Closed by-pass contact or shorted SCR's  E77  (Fault LED) flashes 6 times  (Ready LED) is off	- When there is no opening of the internal by-pass contact circuit.	Bad contact in the relay activation cables, at either internal or external by-pass.     Defective contacts due to an overload.     A short-circuit in parallel or external.	P621	Power-on. Manual reset. Reset key. Dix.

#### **OBSERVATIONS:**

When **E04** message is displayed (Soft-Starter overtemperature), wait a few minutes for it to cool down before it can be reset.

When **E05** message is displayed (motor overload) wait a few minutes for it to cool down the motor slightly before the Soft-Starter can be reset.

# NOTES!

Fault Actuation Forms:

#### E24

- Indicates the error code on the keypad display.
- Motor can not be started.
- Switches off the relay that has been programmed to "No Fault".
- Switches on the relay that has been programmed to "Fault".

#### E28:

- Indicates the code in the LED display.
- The actuation form can be configured at P313.

#### E31:

- The Soft-Starter proceeds operation normally, depending on how it is programmed at P313 and P314.
- No Keypad commands are accepted.
- Indicates the code on the keypad display.

#### E70:

- It will not be saved in the last six faults memory when the power supply is switched off (line disconnection) with stopped motor.

# OTHER FAULTS:

- Relay is switched off when programmed to "No Fault".
- Relay is switched on when programmed to "Fault".
- Motor is switched off, when it is enabled.
- Indicates the fault code in the keypad display and/or on the front cover of SSW-07/SSW-08.